Y7	HT1	HT2	HT3	HT4	HT5	HT6
Topic(s)	What are the Abrahamic faiths?		Is there only one way to worship?		Revision and end of year assessment	Do we have more in common than that which divides us?
Substantive Knowledge (Know That)	 Know that a religion is an organised set of beliefs, with practices (actions) which stem from these beliefs. Know that a belief in God and Gods, usually has connected practices such as prayer. Know that there are characteristics which separate a belief from a religion. Know that religious characteristics must include rituals, the experiential and the doctrinal. Know that God is often described with the words omnipotent (all-powerful), omniscient (all-knowing), omnipresent (everywhere) and omnibenevolent (all-loving). Know that beliefs about God(s) fall into ideas of monotheism (belief in one God), polytheism (beliefs in multiple Gods), atheism (belief in no God) and agnosticism (belief that we cannot conclude knowledge about God as 	 To know Abraham was the founder of Abrahamic faiths due to his belief in monotheism. To know Abraham was best known for the depth of his faith, his unquestioning obedience. To know Abraham was so obedient to God, he was willing to sacrifice his son, Isaac. To know that God replaced Abraham's son Isaac with a Ram so he was not killed. To know that Abraham was called by God to leave his country and his people and journey to an undesignated land. To know that Jesus is viewed as the Son of God, and God himself in Christianity. To know that Jesus is believed to be a false, a failed messiah in Judaism. To know that Jesus is known as Isa in Islam, 	 Know that liturgical worship is formal and with a set, unchanging pattern e.g. Sunday Mass. Know that non-liturgical is free to change, informal and topical e.g. Pentecostal. Know that worship is important for Christians for various reasons e.g. time to pause and reflect in a busy life, or thank God for what he has created. Know that prayer is important to Muslims for various reasons e.g. time to pause and reflect in a busy life, or thank Allah for what he has created. Know that Puja is the Hindu word for worship and how this is done Know that Hindus can perform Puja at home or in a Mandir Know that there are similarities and differences depending on the location of Puja Know that there are 	 Know that believers worship God through external signs of religious identity such as clothing. Know that there are 5 articles that make up the 5 ks; kara, kirpan, kachera, kanga, kesh. Know that there is a specific meaning behind each article of the 5 ks. Know that wearing the 5ks is a form of worship in itself. Know that the 5ks is a sign of commitment to the Khalsa. Know that the Khalsa outwardly show personal commitment, and also worship congregationally. Know that a pilgrimage is a spiritual journey. Know that it is expected of all Muslims who are capable to complete Hajj, exemptions being illness and financial struggles. Know that Hajj is one of 	All from HT1 - 4	 Know that Jo Cox was a British politician who died after being shot and stabbed multiple times. Know that Jo Cox was driven by her belief that a fairer, kinder and more tolerant world was possible. Know that in her first speech in Parliament she proclaimed "We are far more united and have far more in common than that which divides us" Know that Jo Cox's work supported the British Value of tolerance and respect. Know that the Abrahamic faiths worship the same monotheistic God. Know that Sikhs believe all religions are different paths to God. Know that Dharmic Religions vary in beliefs of God but are similar in beliefs of karma, atman and samsara. Know that all religions

- it is unknowable/not understandable).
- Know that Holy Books provide descriptions of God to help religious believers understand Him.
- Know that there are similarities between the Abrahamic faiths -Monotheism,
 Worshipping God through prayer, Adam and Eve disobeyed God, God can be described with the '4 omnis'.
- Know that there are differences between the Abrahamic faiths - Jesus as the son of God, Muhammad as the final messenger of God, God will one say send a Messiah.

- and is one of many prophet whose message is respected, but not as the true unaltered word of God.
- To know that Jesus fulfilled the Messianic prophecy and that this can be confirmed through comparing Jewish and Christian text the Old and New Testament as they are known in Christianity.
- To know that Jesus performed miracles such as healing the sick, turning water into wine and walking on water.
- To know that the Prophet Muhammad is known as the Seal of the Prophets in Islam, the last and final prophet.
- To know that the Prophet Muhammad is believed, in Islam, to be the only prophet to successfully communicate the unaltered word of Allah.
- To know that Muhammad reportedly cleansed the Kaaba of idols upon his victorious return to Mecca, returning the shrine to the monotheism of Ibrahim (Abraham).
- To know that Muhammad performed

- pros and cons to both congregational and private worship depending on your worldview
- Know that religious artefacts are used as aids during worship; helping believers show respect, connect and communicate with God, focus and concentrate and connect to Holy texts.
- the 5 pillars and is a form of worship, focusing on forgiveness.
- Know that Hajj is a multi-day journey tracing the steps of the Prophet Muhammad (PBUH).

- pray, albeit in slightly different ways.
- Know that all religions have a special place of worship.
- Know that all religions have beliefs regarding morals - what they teach is good and bad/sinful.

		miracles such as multiplication of food, manifestation of water, hidden knowledge, prophecies, healing, punishment, and power over nature. • To know that there are similarities between all three main prophets in Abrahamic faiths such as performing miracles, following God's instructions and communicating the word of God				
Disciplinary Knowledge (Know How)	 Know how religions have similarities and differences in their beliefs of God. Know how all religious worldviews and non-religious beliefs about God are equal and valid. Know how religious believers can favour their own beliefs without needing to discredit the beliefs of others. 	 To know how interpretations of quotes/passages from scripture link to prophets and identify the impact on the beliefs of a religious person. To know how religious teachings are interpreted by believers so they identify as a follower of a certain religion due to a central belief. 	 Know how your own worldview aligns with the descriptions of liturgical and non-liturgical worship. Know how Muslims pray, and why they can pray anywhere Know how to consider opposing viewpoints on a topic, through considering the use of artefacts for concentration. 	Know how worship is significant to the believer based on its impact on their own life and the wider community.	• All from HT1 - 4	Know how creative activities, such as poetry, can express religious ideas. Know how diversity within faith can be celebrated in order to promote tolerance and mutual understanding. Know how to explain similarities and differences between faiths.
Key Concepts	Beliefs and practises	Beliefs and practises	Beliefs and practises	Beliefs and practises	All from HT1 - 4	Peace and conflict. Ethics.
Assessment		Written prophets assessment		Exam style questions	End of year exam	Spirited Arts competition write up
Homework	Google quiz	Google quiz	Muslim prayer comprehension	ldentity worksheet	Revision	Google quiz

Wider reading	Are You There God? It's Me, Margaret – Judy Blume	Zen Shorts - Jon J. Muth	https://www.britannica.co m/topic/worship	Pig Heart Boy – Malorie Blackman	Top Revision Tips: https://www.bbc.co.uk/b itesize/articles/zw8qpbk	The Three Questions - Jon J. Muth	
How to help at home	- Discuss with your child what they have been covering in lessons. Encourage them to explore their own beliefs and knowledge. BBC Bitesize has some excellent resources to help support you and your child. KS3 Religious Studies - BBC Bitesize						